Acadience vs. DIBELS 8^{TH} comparison

	Acadience	DIBELS 8th
	acadience dearning	DIBELS®
	Contains the following measures:	Contains the following measures:
	 First Sound Fluency Letter Naming Fluency Phoneme Segmentation Fluency Nonsense Word Fluency Oral Reading Fluency (plus Retell Fluency) x 3 for every testing period MAZE 	 Letter Naming Fluency Phoneme Segmentation Fluency Nonsense Word Fluency Word Reading Fluency (not phonetically grouped) Oral Reading Fluency (NO Retell Fluency) x 1 for every testing period MAZE
	And other options:	And other options:
	 Optional paid data service Progress Monitoring resources Diagnostic Screener- PA, Phonics, Fluency, Vocab and Reading Comp. RAN (Rapid Automatised Naming) 	 Optional paid data service Progress Monitoring resources
	In addition Acadience also has a Mathematics suite for Foundation to Year 6	
Font	 Similar font to what students see in readers/decodables/phonics instruction. 	 Although it looks different to the font often seen in phonics programs/children books etc., they changed the font so that visually similar letters are more discernible.
FSF	 Contains a First Sound Fluency (FSF) measure (initial sound identification) for beginning and mid Pre-Primary) 	 Does not contain First Sound Fluency (FSF) measure.
LNF	Students are assessed on Letter Naming Fluency (LNF) and First Sound Fluency (FSF) at the BEGINNING of Foundation, but Phoneme Segmentation Fluency (PSF) and Nonsense Word Fluency (NWF) isn't measured until MID Pre-Primary.	Students are assessed on Letter Naming Fluency (LNF), Phoneme Segmentation Fluency (PSF) and Nonsense Word Fluency at the BEGINNING of Foundation. Assessing students' decoding at the beginning of Foundation isn't consistent with most schools' instructional practices.
LNF	First 2 letters are most common, followed by letters (upper case and lower case) presented in random order.	Letter Naming Fluency (LNF) has the most common letters in the first few lines (i.e. does not have q & z in the first line) so students have more confidence when first starting the assessment.
WRF	Does not contain a Word Reading Fluency (WRF) measure.	 Contains a Word Reading Fluency (WRF) from the beginning of Year 1. These words are not phonetically grouped and would contain various graphemes that haven't been

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		explicitly taught yet. Some are easily decoded, and some contain less regular spelling patterns. Some see this as a measure of High Frequency Words.
NWF	Nonsense Word Fluency (NWF) only contains CVC and VC words. Easier to score as alternative pronunciations for spellings are not as big of an issue. As it is a screener, it is not designed to assess which GPC (grapheme-phoneme correspondences) the students do or do not have. It is designed to screen students who are at risk of reading difficulties.	Nonsense Word Fluency (NWF) contains some words with alternate vowel spellings from beginning of Year 1 (e.g. ur, o_e, i_e, ar, er). This gives more information on where the student decoding difficulties lie, but not enough information to determine exactly what GPCs a student does or does not know.
NWF	Nonsense Word Fluency (NWF) contains two scores- Correct Letter Sounds and Whole Words Correct. Students only get a point for WWC if they say the word without sounding out (i.e. automatic). The reasoning for this is because research shows if students don't read the word automatically their comprehension is impaired.	 Nonsense Word Fluency (NWF) contains two scores- Correct Letter Sounds and Whole Words Correct. Unlike Acadience, students get a point for WWC if they sound out the word and then recode it – it doesn't have to be automatic.
ORF	Oral Reading Fluency (ORF) passages (not 'decodable') start MID Year One. Not at the beginning.	Non-phonetically controlled Oral Reading Fluency passages (not 'decodable') start BEGINNING Year One. Students who do not achieve the required score for previous measures do not do the ORF test however
ORF	 Oral Reading Fluency (ORF) is done 3 times per year- but is done 3 times at each testing period (i.e. 9 times total). The median of the 3. The reasoning is to reduce to influence of background knowledge. Uses a range of expository and narrative texts in passages 	 Oral Reading Fluency (ORF) is done 3 times per year- but is done only once at each testing period (i.e. 3 times total). The reasoning is that one ORF measure very reliable and also reduces testing burden on teachers.
RF	 Oral Reading Fluency (ORF) contains a Retell Fluency (RF) measure (also 1 minute each). The RF is only done if students get an ORF of over 40 correct words per minute. The reasoning for inclusion is that research shows a strong correlation between retelling abilities and comprehension. 	No Retell Fluency. Reasoning to exclude is that decoding fluency makes up most of the variance in comprehension scores.

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	 The retell score forms part of the composite comprehension score (ORF + RF + MAZE). 	
MAZE	MAZE measure begins in Year 3.	MAZE measure begins in Year 2.
Testing Range	 Testing materials extended to Year 8. 	Testing materials extended to Year 9.

Acadience (previously DIBELS Next) has been around much longer than DIBELS 8th. The DIBELS name was bought by University of Oregon, and they have since changed the testing materials. Voyager Sopris/Acadience maintain that their assessments have more research to support them, while DIBELS 8th has emerging research. Overall, both assessments are great options for reading assessment within a school.